

only technical component practice expense RVUs or only professional component practice expense RVUs; evaluation and management services, such as hospital or nursing facility visits, that are furnished exclusively in one setting; and major surgical services.

(6)(i) CMS establishes criteria for supplemental surveys regarding specialty practice expenses submitted to CMS that may be used in determining practice expense RVUs.

(ii) Any CMS-designated specialty group may submit a supplemental survey.

(iii) CMS will consider for use in determining practice expense RVUs for the physician fee schedule survey data and related materials submitted to CMS by March 1, 2004 to determine CY 2005 practice expense RVUs and by March 1, 2005 to determine CY 2006 practice expense RVUs.

(c) *Malpractice insurance RVUs.* (1) Malpractice insurance RVUs are computed for each service or class of services by applying average malpractice insurance historical practice cost percentages to the estimated average allowed charge during the 1991 base period.

(2) The average historical malpractice insurance percentage for a service or class of services is computed as follows:

(i) Multiply the average malpractice insurance percentage for each specialty by the proportion of a particular service or class of services performed by that specialty.

(ii) Add all the products for all the specialties.

(3) For services furnished in the year 2000 and subsequent years, the malpractice RVUs are based on the relative malpractice insurance resources.

[56 FR 59624, Nov. 25, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 42493, Sept. 15, 1992; 58 FR 63687, Dec. 2, 1993; 62 FR 59102, Oct. 31, 1997; 63 FR 58910, Nov. 2, 1998; 64 FR 59441, Nov. 2, 1999; 65 FR 25668, May 3, 2000; 65 FR 65440, Nov. 1, 2000; 67 FR 43558, June 28, 2002; 68 FR 63261, Nov. 7, 2003]

§ 414.24 Review, revision, and addition of RVUs for physician services.

(a) *Interim values for new and revised HCPCS level 1 and level 2 codes.* (1) CMS establishes interim RVUs for new serv-

ices and for codes for which definitions have changed.

(2) CMS publishes a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER to announce interim RVUs and seek public comment on them. The RVUs are effective prospectively for services furnished beginning on the effective date specified in the notice.

(3) After considering public comments, CMS revises, if necessary, the interim RVUs and announces those revisions in a final notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Any revisions in the RVUs are effective prospectively for services furnished beginning on the effective date specified in the final notice.

(b) *Revision of RVUs for established HCPCS level 1 and level 2 codes.* (1) CMS publishes a proposed notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER to announce changes in RVUs for established codes and provides an opportunity for public comment no less often than every 5 years.

(2) After considering public comments, CMS publishes a final notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER to announce revisions to RVUs.

(3) The RVU revisions are effective prospectively for services furnished beginning on the effective date specified in the final notice.

(c) *Values for local codes (HCPCS Level 3).* (1) Carriers establish relative values for local codes for services not included in HCPCS levels 1 or 2.

(2) Carriers must obtain prior approval from CMS to establish local codes for services that meet the definition of "physician services" in § 414.2.

[56 FR 59624, Nov. 25, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 42492, Sept. 15, 1992]

§ 414.26 Determining the GAF.

CMS establishes a GAF for each service in each fee schedule area.

(a) *Geographic indices.* CMS uses the following indices to establish the GAF:

(1) An index that reflects one-fourth of the difference between the relative value of physicians' work effort in each of the different fee schedule areas as determined under § 414.22(a) and the national average of that work effort.

(2) An index that reflects the relative costs of the mix of goods and services comprising practice expenses (other than malpractice expenses) in each of